

1.1-1.4 Review

Key

Name _____ Period _____ Date _____

Simplify each expression by adding, subtracting or multiplying. Show work!

1. $(3x^2 - 4x + 1) + (2x^3 + x^2 - x - 4)$

$$\underline{3x^2} - \underline{4x} + \underline{1} + \underline{2x^3} + \underline{x^2} - \underline{x} - \underline{4}$$

$$\boxed{2x^3 + 4x^2 - 5x - 3}$$

2. $(-x^2 - 4x - 2) - (2x^3 + 3x^2 - x - 1)$

$$-\underline{x^2} - \underline{4x} - \underline{2} - \underline{2x^3} - \underline{3x^2} + \underline{x} + \underline{1}$$

$$\boxed{2x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x - 1}$$

3. $(4x - 3)(x^3 + 3x^2 - x - 1)$

$$4x^4 + 12x^3 - 4x^2 - 4x - 3x^3 - 9x^2 + 3x + 3$$

$$\boxed{4x^4 + 9x^3 - 13x^2 - x + 3}$$

4. $(x + 5)(2x - 1) - (3x^2 - 16x + 3)$

$$\underline{2x^2} - \underline{x} + \underline{10x} - \underline{5} - \underline{3x^2} + \underline{16x} - \underline{3}$$

$$\boxed{-x^2 + 25x - 8}$$

Multiply the expression using the polynomial identities. Show work!

5. $(3x + 2y)^2$ $A = 3x$ (perfect square)
 $B = 2y$

$$(3x)^2 + 2(3x)(2y) + (2y)^2$$

$$\boxed{9x^2 + 12xy + 4y^2}$$

7. $(x - 4)(x + 6)$

$$x^2 + (-4 + 6)x + (-4)(6)$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + 2x - 24}$$

6. $(x - 2y)^3$ (Cubic)
 $A = x$
 $B = -2y$

$$(x)^3 + 3(x)^2(-2y) + 3(x)(-2y)^2 + (-2y)^3$$

$$\boxed{x^3 - 6x^2y + 12xy^2 - 8y^3}$$

8. $(5x + i)(5x - i)$ $A = 5x$ $B = i$
Sum of Squares

$$(5x)^2 + (i)^2 = \boxed{25x^2 + 1}$$

Factor the expressions using the polynomial identities. Show work!

9. $16x^2 - 49$ (diff. of squares)

$A = 4x$
 $B = 7$

$$\boxed{(4x + 7)(4x - 7)}$$

10. $x^3 + 125$ (Sum of cubes)
 $A = x$, $B = 5$

$$\boxed{(x + 5)(x^2 - 5x + 25)}$$

11. $x^2 - 4x - 21$ $\frac{21}{7, 3}$

$$\boxed{(x - 7)(x + 3)}$$

12. $9x^2 + 81$ G.C.F. (9)
Sum of Squares
 $A = x$, $B = 3$

$$9(x^2 + 9)$$

$$\boxed{9(x + 3i)(x - 3i)}$$

must show work for each!

13. Given $x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3$, use the Remainder Theorem to determine which of the following is a factor?

Show work!

a) $x+3$ $f(-3) = (-3)^3 - 3(-3)^2 - (-3) + 3 = -27 - 27 + 3 + 3 = -48$ (no)

b) $x-3$ $f(3) = (3)^3 - 3(3)^2 - (3) + 3 = 27 - 27 - 3 + 3 = 0$ yes

c) $x+1$ $f(-1) = (-1)^3 - 3(-1)^2 - (-1) + 3 = -1 - 3 + 1 + 3 = 0$ yes

14. Given $2x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 2$, use the Remainder Theorem to determine which of the following is a factor? Show work!

a) $x+3$ $f(-3) = 2(-3)^3 + (-3)^2 - 5(-3) + 2 = -54 + 9 + 15 + 2 = -28$ no

b) $x-1$ $f(1) = 2(1)^3 + (1)^2 - 5(1) + 2 = 2 + 1 - 5 + 2 = 0$ yes

c) $x+2$ $f(-2) = 2(-2)^3 + (-2)^2 - 5(-2) + 2 = -16 + 4 + 10 + 2 = 0$ yes

Describe the end behavior of each polynomial using limits.

15. $f(x) = (x+3)(x-1)(2x-5)$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \infty$

16. $f(x) = -(x+4)^2(x-2)$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = -\infty$

17. $f(x) = -2x^3 - 3x^2 + 36x - 58$

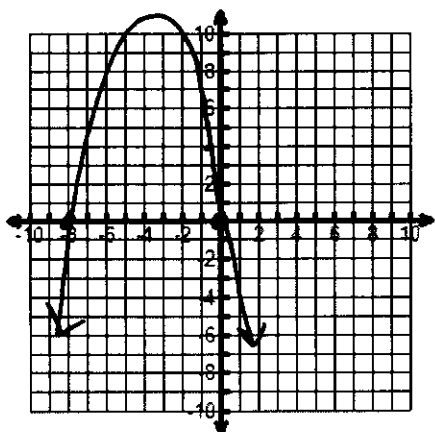
$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = -\infty$

18. $f(x) = 3x^4 - 7x^3 + 16x^2 - 15x + 65$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \infty$

State the degree and list the zeros of the polynomial. State the multiplicity of each zero and determine whether the graph crosses or touches the x-axis at the corresponding x-intercept. Then sketch a graph.

19. $f(x) = -2x^3(x+8)$ Degree: 4

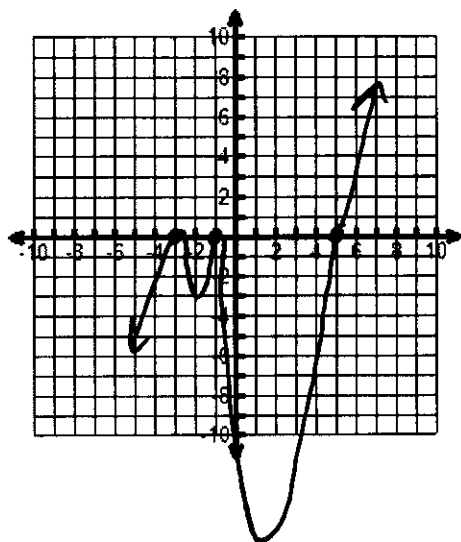


Zero	Multiplicity	Touch/Cross
$x=0$	3	Cross
$x=-8$	1	Cross

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = -\infty$$

y-int: $(0,0)$

20. $f(x) = (x+1)^2(x-5)^3(x+3)^2$ Degree: 7



Zero	Multiplicity	Touch/Cross
$x=-1$	2	Touch
$x=5$	3	Cross
$x=-3$	2	Touch

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \infty$$

y-int: $(0, -1125)$

21. Graph the given polynomial function using a graphing calculator and then find the following:

$f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + x - 3$ Zeros (write as ordered pairs): $(-1, 0), (1, 0), (3, 0)$

y-intercept (write as an ordered pair): $(0, -3)$

End Behavior: $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = -\infty$